



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**  
(25°C unless otherwise specified)

Storage Temperature	-55°C to + 125°C
Operating Temperature	-30°C to +100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/16 inch (1.6mm) from case for 10 secs)	260°C

**INPUT DIODE**

Forward Current	50mA
Reverse Voltage	5V
Power Dissipation	70mW

**OUTPUT TRANSISTOR**

Collector-emitter Voltage $BV_{CEO}$	55V
Emitter-collector Voltage $BV_{ECO}$	6V
Power Dissipation	150mW

**POWER DISSIPATION**

Total Power Dissipation	200mW
(derate linearly 2.67mW/°C above 25°C)	

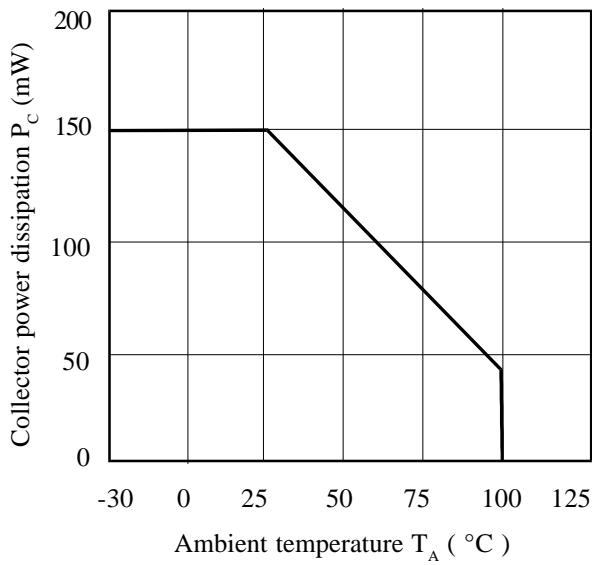
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted )**

PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ )	1.0	1.15	1.3	V	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$
	Reverse Current ( $I_R$ )			10	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_R = 4\text{V}$
Output	Collector-emitter Breakdown ( $BV_{CEO}$ ) (Note 2)	55			V	$I_C = 0.5\text{mA}$
	Emitter-collector Breakdown ( $BV_{ECO}$ )	6			V	$I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$
	Collector-emitter Dark Current ( $I_{CEO}$ )			100	nA	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$
Coupled	Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) (Note 2) ISP521-1, ISP521-2, ISP521-4	50		600	%	$5\text{mA } I_F, 5\text{V } V_{CE}$
	CTR selection available BL	200		600	%	
	GB	100		600	%	
	GB	30			%	$1\text{mA } I_F, 0.4\text{V } V_{CE}$
	Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage $V_{CE(SAT)}$ -GB			0.4	V	$8\text{mA } I_F, 2.4\text{mA } I_C$
				0.4	V	$1\text{mA } I_F, 0.2\text{mA } I_C$
	Input to Output Isolation Voltage $V_{ISO}$	5300 7500			$V_{RMS}$ $V_{PK}$	See note 1 See note 1
	Input-output Isolation Resistance $R_{ISO}$	$5 \times 10^{10}$			$\Omega$	$V_{IO} = 500\text{V}$ (note 1)
Rise Time, tr		4		$\mu\text{s}$	$V_{CE} = 2\text{V}$ ,	
Fall Time, tf		3		$\mu\text{s}$	$I_C = 2\text{mA}, R_L = 100\Omega$	

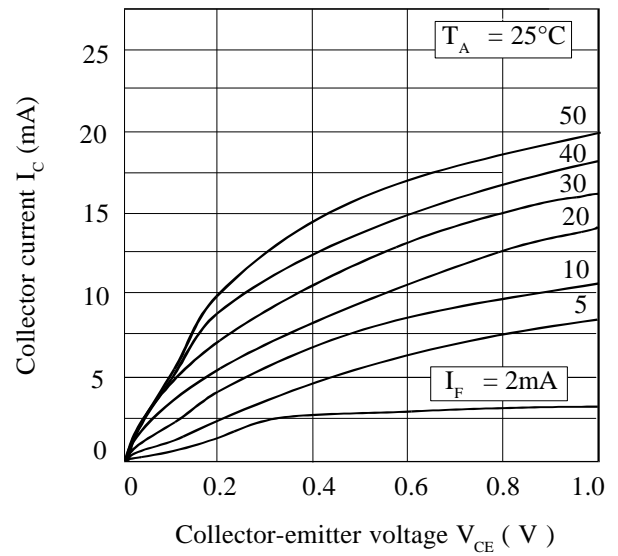
Note 1 Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.

Note 2 Special Selections are available on request. Please consult the factory.

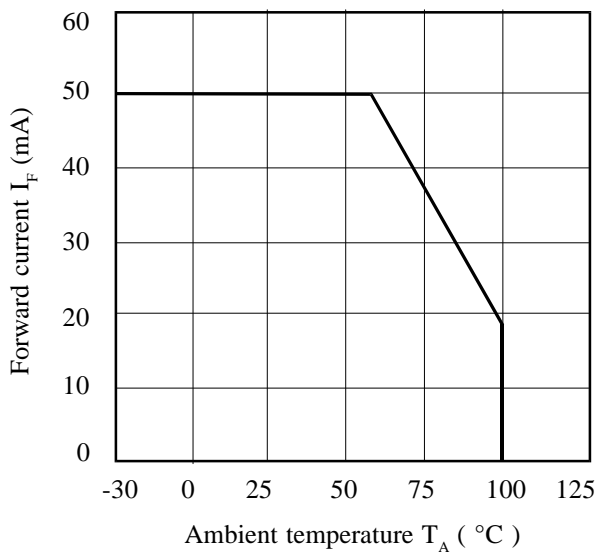
**Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**



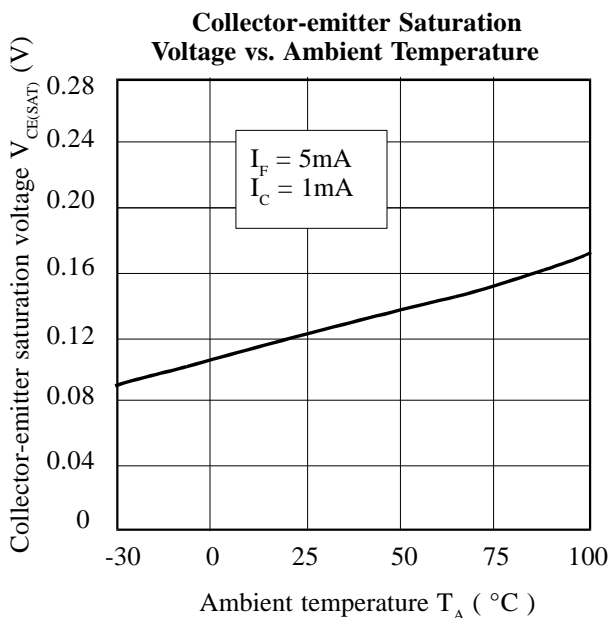
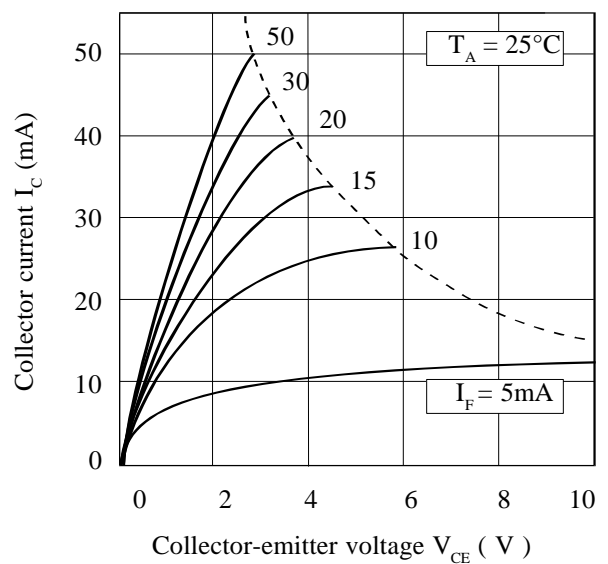
**Collector Current vs. Low Collector-emitter Voltage**



**Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage**



**Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current**

